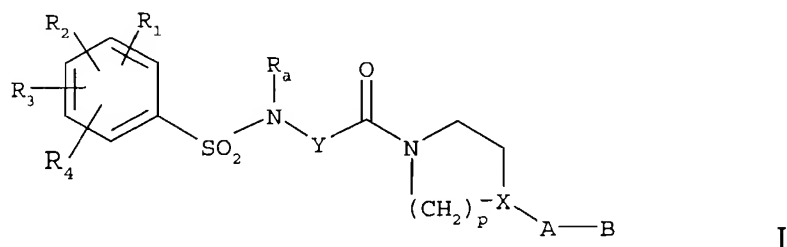


**ABSTRACT**

The present invention concerns novel benzenesulphonamide compounds, defined by formula I



in which  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$  each independently represent one atom or group of atoms selected from a hydrogen atom, halogens,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkyl groups,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkoxy groups,  $CF_3$  or  $OCF_3$  groups;  $R_a$  represents a  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl group; Y represents a saturated  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkylene group, optionally interrupted by an oxygen atom, an unsaturated  $C_2$ - $C_4$  alkylene group, or a  $-CH_2-CO-NH-CH_2-$  group; X represents CH or a nitrogen atom; p represents 2 or 3; A represents a single bond, a nitrogen atom optionally substituted with a methyl group, or a straight or branched  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylene group, optionally hydroxylated or of which one of the carbon atoms is oxidized into a ketone function, provided that A and X together do not represent a nitrogen atom; and B represents a nitrogen-containing heterocycle or an amine group optionally substituted with one or two  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl groups. Therapeutic compositions comprising the benzenesulphonamide compounds of the invention or salts thereof and methods for producing the benzenesulphonamide compounds of the invention are also disclosed. The benzenesulphonamide compounds of the invention or salts thereof are useful for treating pain, such as hyperalgesia and major algesia.